



Lab07 – Function

1. Write a function that will receive as an input argument a length in meter, and will return the length in both foot and inch. The conversion factors are (1 foot = 0.3048 m and 1 inch = 0.0254 m). Write a script to use the developed function

I/O Example

Enter length in meter: 15

15 meter = 4.572 feet

15 meter = 0.381 inch

2. A vector can be represented by its rectangular coordinates x , y and z or by its spherical coordinates r , θ and ϕ . Where $r = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}$, $\theta = \text{atan}(y/x)$ and $\phi = \text{atan}(\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}/z)$. Write a function `recSph` to receive as input arguments the rectangular coordinates and return the corresponding spherical coordinates. Write a script to use the developed function.

I/O Example

Enter X: 10

Enter Y: 20

Enter Z: 30

$r = 37.417$

$\theta = 63.435$ degree

$\phi = 29.055$ degree

3. Write a script that will:
 - a. Call a function to prompt the user for an angle in degrees.
 - b. Call a function to calculate and return the angle in radians.
 - c. Call a function to print the result.

Write all of the functions as well. Note that the solution to this problem involves four M-files: one which acts as a main program (the script shown below), and three for the functions.

```
d=getInput(); % getInput is a function that prompt the user for an angle in degrees.  
r=convertDeg(d); % deg2rad is function to calculate and return the angle in radians.  
showValue(r); % showValue is a function to print r.
```

I/O Example

Enter Angle in degree: -50

Enter positive number

Enter Angle in degree: -100

Enter positive number



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Enter Angle in degree: 150

Angle = 150 degree = 2.62 radian

4. Write a program that takes a list of students' scores in an exam (stored in an array) and computes their grades. ($A \geq 90\%$, $90 > B \geq 80$, $80 > C \geq 70$, $70 > D \geq 60$, $60 > F$) and store them in an array. The program should make use of a function `scoresToGrades` which takes in array of scores and returns the corresponding grades.

I/O Example

A = [74 82 41 55 68 98]

G = [C B F F D A]

5. Write a program to print a temperature conversion chart. It will print temperature in Celsius, from 1 to an integer specified by the user, in one column and the corresponding temperature in Fahrenheit ($C = (F - 32) * 5/9$) in a second column. The main script will call one function that prompts the user for the maximum temperature in Celsius (**MAX_Cel_Temp**); this function must error-check to make sure that the user enters a valid positive integer. The script then calls a function to write the temperatures to the screen (**Print_Chart**). Enter Max. Cel. Temp.: -10

I/O Example

Enter positive number

Enter Max. Cel. Temp.: -20

Enter positive number

Enter Max. Cel. Temp.: 10

Cel. Fah

1 33.800

2 35.600

3 37.400

4 39.200

5 41.000

6 42.800

7 44.600

8 46.400

9 48.200

10 50.000



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6. Write a program that reads the departure time and the arrival time of n trains and calculate the trip time of each train (assume no trip spans over two days). Use function **Cal_trip_Time** to calculate the trip time.

I/O Example

Enter number of train trips: 2

Trip 1:

Depart Time HH: 5

Depart Time MM: 20

Arrival Time HH: 9

Arrival Time MM: 30

Trip Time- 4:10

Trip 2:

Depart Time HH: 8

Depart Time MM: 10

Arrival Time HH: 10

Arrival Time MM: 5

Trip Time- 1:55