

FORMULA SHEET

Time Harmonic Maxwell's Equations:

$$\begin{aligned}\nabla \times \underline{E} &= -j\omega\mu\underline{H} & \nabla \cdot \underline{D} &= \rho_v & \underline{D} &= \varepsilon\underline{E} \\ \nabla \times \underline{H} &= j\omega\varepsilon\underline{E} & \nabla \cdot \underline{B} &= 0 & \underline{B} &= \mu\underline{H}\end{aligned}$$

Universal Constants:

$$\begin{aligned}\varepsilon_o &= \frac{10^{-9}}{36\pi} \text{ F/m} & \mu_o &= 4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ H/m} \\ c &= 1/\sqrt{\mu_o\varepsilon_o} = 3 \times 10^8 \text{ m/s}\end{aligned}$$

Uniform Plane Wave in Lossless Media:

$$\begin{aligned}\nabla^2 \underline{E} + \omega^2 \mu \varepsilon \underline{E} &= 0 \\ \underline{E} &= \underline{E}_o e^{-j\beta \underline{u}_p \cdot \underline{r}} & \underline{H} &= \frac{1}{\eta} \underline{u}_p \times \underline{E} \\ \beta &= \omega\sqrt{\mu\varepsilon} & \lambda &= 2\pi/\beta \\ \eta &= \sqrt{\mu/\varepsilon} & u_{ph} &= 1/\sqrt{\mu\varepsilon}\end{aligned}$$

Propagation in Lossy Media (General):

$$\begin{aligned}\underline{E} &= \underline{E}_o e^{-\gamma \underline{u}_p \cdot \underline{r}} & \gamma &= \alpha + j\beta \\ \alpha &= \omega\sqrt{\frac{\mu\varepsilon}{2}} \left(\sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{\sigma}{\omega\varepsilon}\right)^2} - 1 \right)^{1/2} \\ \beta &= \omega\sqrt{\frac{\mu\varepsilon}{2}} \left(\sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{\sigma}{\omega\varepsilon}\right)^2} + 1 \right)^{1/2} \\ \eta_c &= \sqrt{\frac{\mu}{\varepsilon(1 - j\sigma/\omega\varepsilon)}}\end{aligned}$$

Low Loss Dielectric

$$\begin{aligned}\alpha &\approx \frac{\sigma}{2} \sqrt{\frac{\mu}{\varepsilon}} \\ \beta &\approx \omega\sqrt{\mu\varepsilon} \left(1 + \frac{1}{8} \left(\frac{\sigma}{\omega\varepsilon} \right)^2 \right) \\ \eta_c &\approx \sqrt{\frac{\mu}{\varepsilon}} \left(1 + j \frac{\sigma}{2\omega\varepsilon} \right)\end{aligned}$$

Good Conductors:

$$\begin{aligned}\alpha &= \beta \approx \sqrt{\sigma\mu\pi f} = \frac{1}{\delta} \\ \eta_c &\approx (1 + j) \frac{1}{\sigma\delta} \\ u_{ph} &\approx \sqrt{\frac{2\omega}{\mu\sigma}}\end{aligned}$$

General T.L. Equations

$$\begin{aligned}V(z) &= V_o^+ e^{-\gamma z} + V_o^- e^{\gamma z} \\ I(z) Z_o &= V_o^+ e^{-\gamma z} - V_o^- e^{\gamma z} \\ \gamma &= \sqrt{(R + j\omega L)(G + j\omega C)} \\ Z_o &= \sqrt{\frac{R + j\omega L}{G + j\omega C}} \\ \Gamma_L &= \frac{Z_L - Z_o}{Z_L + Z_o} = |\Gamma_L| e^{j\theta_r} \\ S &= \left| \frac{V_{\max}}{V_{\min}} \right| = \frac{1 + |\Gamma_L|}{1 - |\Gamma_L|} \\ Z_{in} &= Z_o \frac{Z_L + Z_o \tanh(\gamma \ell)}{Z_o + Z_L \tanh(\gamma \ell)} \\ \Gamma_g &= \frac{Z_g - Z_o}{Z_g + Z_o}\end{aligned}$$

Distributed Parameters of T.L.:

Parameter	Parallel Plate	Coaxial	Units
R	$\frac{2}{w} \sqrt{\frac{\pi f \mu_c}{\sigma_c}}$	$\frac{1}{2\pi\sigma_c \delta} \left(\frac{1}{a} + \frac{1}{b} \right)$	Ω/m
L	$\frac{\mu d}{w}$	$\frac{\mu}{2\pi} \ln \frac{b}{a}$	H/m
G	$\frac{\sigma_d w}{d}$	$\frac{2\pi\sigma_d}{\ln(b/a)}$	$(\Omega m)^{-1}$
C	$\frac{\varepsilon w}{d}$	$\frac{2\pi\varepsilon}{\ln(b/a)}$	F/m

Voltage & Current Waves:

$$\begin{aligned}V(z') &= \frac{I_L}{2} (Z_L + Z_o) e^{\gamma z'} \left[1 + \Gamma_L e^{-2\gamma z'} \right] \\ &= \frac{V_g Z_o}{Z_g + Z_o} e^{-\gamma(\ell - z')} \frac{1 + \Gamma_L e^{-2\gamma z'}}{1 - \Gamma_g \Gamma_L e^{-2\gamma \ell}} \\ I(z') &= \frac{I_L}{2Z_o} (Z_L + Z_o) e^{\gamma z'} \left[1 - \Gamma_L e^{-2\gamma z'} \right] \\ &= \frac{V_g}{Z_g + Z_o} e^{-\gamma(\ell - z')} \frac{1 - \Gamma_L e^{-2\gamma z'}}{1 - \Gamma_g \Gamma_L e^{-2\gamma \ell}}\end{aligned}$$